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Large shrub, 2-6 m tall; leaves alternate; flowers appearing before the leaves; ovary and fruit gray pubescent, style definite. Incl. var. discolor & var. latifolia Andersson

REFERENCES: Riddell 1836:8 (Salix discolor Willd., Worthington, Paddock); Sullivant 1840:23 (Salix conifera Wangenh.); Werner 1893:93 (Cols., Werner); Braun 1961:81 (illus. p. 80).

HERBARIUM RECORDS: Spring § 1889—Cols., Craig; 7 Apr § 1892—Niel's [Neil's] Run, toward RR, Cols., Bogue; 26 Apr § & 30 Sep 1892—Cols., Werner, 29 Apr § 1892—Cols., Werner, Sep 1892—Cols., Werner (CLM, OS); 13 Jul 1894—Big Darby Creek, W. Kellerman; 6 Aug 1897—Hamilton T[w]p., W. Kellerman; 20 Apr § & 25 May 1898—Cols., Griggs; 4 & 20 Apr § & 12 Jun 1899—Jones' Mill, Griggs; 14 Apr & & 7 May 1899—Cols., Griggs; 14 Apr & § & 7 Jun 1899—Cols., Griggs; 22 May 1899—Big Darby Creek, Selby; 23 Apr § & 4 Oct 1900—S. Cols., Griggs; 27 Apr § 1900—S Cols., Griggs; 27 Apr § & 6 Oct 1900—S. Cols., swamp, Cols., Griggs; 5 May § 1900—Cols., Griggs; 26 Jul 1931—Red Hills, Alhead Hollow, shale cliff, Chapman; 9 Apr & § 1967—S bank of Darby Creek, approx. ½ mi. SW of Darbydale, Stuckey 3403 & 3405.

Two closely related cultivated species are recognized:

Salix caprea L.

Goat Willow

Gray Willow

Cultivated-Escape

REFERENCE: Braun 1961:84 (illus. p. 82). NOTE: No specimens seen from Franklin Co.

Salix cinerea L.

Cultivated

HERBARIUM RECORD: Sep 1899-State Fair Grounds, cult., Cols., Mrs. Kellerman.

NOTE: Not reported for Franklin Co. by Braun 1961:84.

16. Salix humilis Marshall

Upland Willow, Small Pussy Willow

Shrub, stems pubescent; leaves alternate, glaucous below, more or less pubescent, often densely so beneath; blade length more than 3 times the width, widest above the middle; fruits gray-hairy. Incl. var. humilis & var. hyporhysa Fernald

REFERENCES: Selby & Craig 1890:15; Braun 1961:84 (illus. p. 82).

HERBARIUM RECORDS: 1 Jul 1891—Georgesville, Werner (CLM); 3 Oct 1891—near Georgesville, banks of Big Darby, Selby; 2 May 9 1892—Big Darby, Selby; 12 Jul 1894—near Big Darby Creek, W. Kellerman; 2 Aug 1897—Cols., W. Kellerman; 22 May 9 1899—Big Darby Creek, on dry hillside, Selby; 19 Apr 9 1902—OSU farm, Mead.

17. †Salix occidentalis Walter

Dwarf Upland Willow

Shrub, low; leaves narrowly oblanceolate, smaller and narrower than in Salix humilis; blades densely gray-tomentose beneath. Syn.: S. humilis Marshall var. microphylla (Andersson) Fernald, S. humilis var. tristis (Aiton) Griggs, S. tristis Aiton

REFERENCES: Jones 1943:104; Braun 1961:85 (illus. p. 82).

HERBARIUM RECORDS: 1 Jul 1891—Georgesville, Werner, 22 May 9 1899—Big Darby Creek, Cols., Selby.

18. *†Salix candida Flüggé

Hoary Willow, Sage-leaf Willow

Cultivated

Shrub; leaves alternate, petioles without glands; blades linear-oblong to oblanceolate, revolute-margined, densely white-woolly beneath, dark dull-green above with sunken veins.

HERBARIUM RECORD: 2 Oct 1930-OSU campus, cult., Hicks.

NOTE: Not mapped for Franklin Co. by Braun 1961:84 (illus. p. 82). Sullivant 1840:23 and Selby & Craig 1890:15 reported on plants collected in adjacent counties.

19. †Salix petiolaris Sm.

Meadow Willow

REFERENCE: Craig 1890:102 (Long-stalked Green Osier, I found several specimens of this last summer in the N portion of the island, 23 Apr 1885).

NOTE: No specimens seen from Franklin Co. Not mapped for Franklin Co. by Braun 1961:83 (illus. p. 80).

20. *Salix purpurea L.

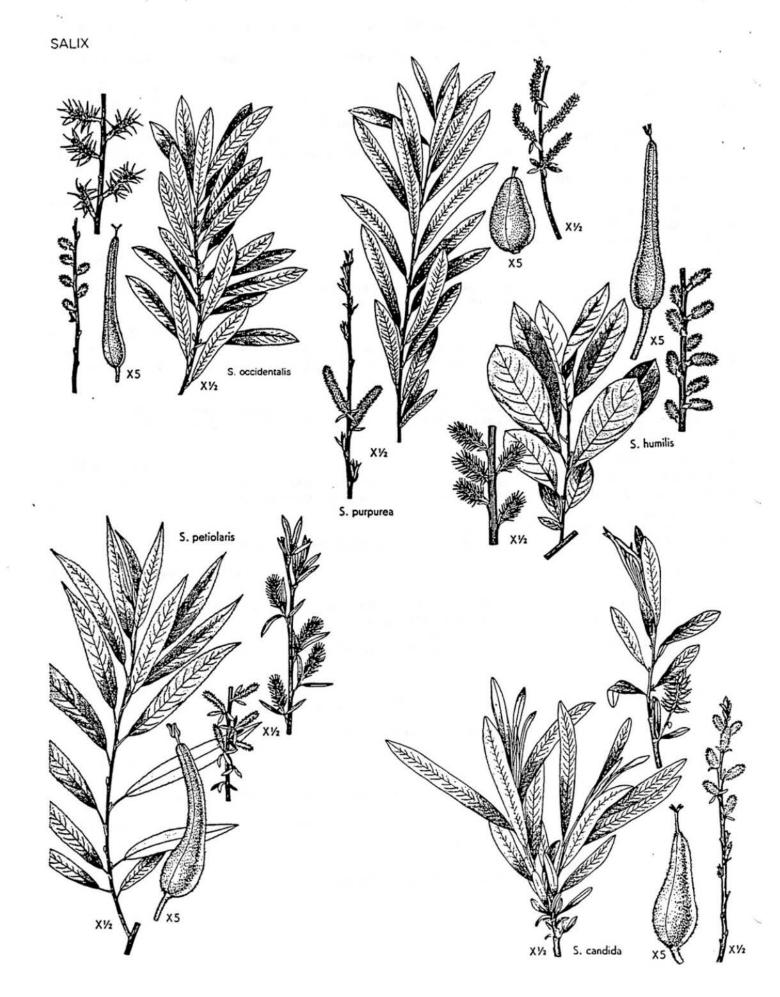
Purple Osier, Basket Willow

Adventive (native of Europe)

Leaves, at least some, subopposite or opposite, short-petioled, blades linear-oblanceolate or spatulate. REFERENCE: Braun 1961:85.

HERBARIUM RECORDS: 21 Sep & 1899 & 23 Apr & 1900—Cols., planted, Griggs; 26 May 1900—near Greenlawn Cemetery, gravel pit, not planted, Griggs.

CAPPARACEAE, Caper Family



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Herbs; leaves alternate, palmately compound, petioled; flowers hypogynous, bisporangiate, zygomorphic, in racemes; receptacle bearing a gland; sepals 4; petals 4, clawed; stamens 6 to many, rarely fewer than 6, filaments elongate; carpels 2, united; locule 1, style 1; placentae 2, parietal; fruit an elongate capsule; seeds many, reniform. (Capparidaceae).

- a Stamens 8 to many; fruit hardly stipitate in the calyx. 2. POLANISIA
- a' Stamens usually 6, rarely fewer; fruit long-stipitate in the calyx. 1. CLEOME

1. CLEOME L. Spider Flower

Leaflets 3-7, lanceolate or oblong; bracts subtending flowers smaller than the leaves; flowers long-stalked; petals white or pink; filaments very long.

1. *Cleome hassleriana Chodat

Spider-flower

Naturalized (native of tropical America)

Plants viscid-pubescent; leaves palmately compound, leaflets 5-7; bracts subtending flowers smaller than the leaves; spines usually at base of petioles, along petioles, and midrib beneath leaf blade; petals white to pink; stamens 6, filaments very long; fruit long stipitate from calyx attachment. Syn.: C. spinosa L., misapplied HERBARIUM RECORDS: Jul 1891—OSU grounds, cult., Werner (CLM); 13 Jul 1893—escape on University grounds [OSU], Cols., Selby; 16 Aug 1898—OSU Bot. Garden, cult., J. H. Schaffner; 25 Jul 1923—Cols., J. H. Schaffner; 18 Sep 1989—Highbanks Metro Park (Delaware Co.), ¼ mi. N of Franklin/Delaware Co. line, at large bend in Olentangy R. near large sycamores, Watts 505.

2. POLANISIA Raf. Clammy-weed

Viscid-pubescent; leaflets 3, oblong, entire; petals emarginate at tip, white or nearly so; stamens several, filaments purple; at least the lower flowers of raceme subtended by leaflike bracts.

1. Polanisia dodecandra (L.) DC.

Clammy-weed

Plants viscid-pubescent; leaflets 3, oblong, entire; petals emarginate at tips, nearly white; stamens 8 or more; fruit hardly stipitate from the calyx attachment. Syn.: P. graveolens Raf.

REFERENCES: Riddell 1834:117 (denuded river banks); Selby & Craig 1890:8; Kellerman & Werner 1893:228 (near Chemical Laboratory, 5 Aug 1890, Aug 1892, E side of Neil Ave., near the brook, Sep 1891, the last locality is now obliterated).

HERBARIUM RECORDS: 1840—Cols., Sullivant; 26 Sep 1936—Cols., waste ground, many plants, J. H. Schaffner.

BRASSICACEAE, Mustard Family

Herbs; leaves alternate or rarely opposite or whorled, simple or compound, without stipules; flowers hypogynous, bisporangiate, in racemes or corymbs; perianth regular or rarely zygomorphic; sepals 4, separate; petals 4, separate, rarely none; stamens 6, 2 shorter than the others, or rarely stamens 4 or 2; carpels united, style 1, stigma usually 2-lobed; ovary 2-loculed; placentae parietal; fruit linear and much longer than wide (a silique) or short (a silicle); seeds 1 or 2 to many, when several, attached in 2 rows in each locule but lying in either 1 or 2 rows. (Cruciferae, nom. altern.)

Approximate size of flowers is indicated in keys and descriptions as follows: small, petals 4 mm long or less; medium, petals 5-8 mm long; large, petals 9 mm long or more. The term beak, as used here, refers to the terminal projection beyond tip of valves of fruit.

Alyssum alyssoides (L.) L. (Alyssum) is frequently planted in gardens and sometimes escapes. An attractive annual with stellate pubescence; stems usually branched at base; leaves oblanceolate or linear, obtuse, entire; flowers very small; sepals persistent; petals yellow or whitish; fruit circular, flattened parallel to septum; 2 seeds in each locule.

KEY TO PLANTS WITH BOTH FLOWERS AND FRUITS

a Fruit (exclusive of beak) less than 3 times as long as wide.

